

SAFEGUARDING - JIGSAW LINKS

YEAR	UNIT	LESSON	CONTEXT	SAFEGUARDING LINK
3	Celebrating Difference	2 – Family conflict	This lesson explores how sometimes conflict occurs in families and how children can calm themselves down and use solution-based techniques to help themselves.	Children think about a possible source of family conflict and of ways to help solve it. Teachers need to be aware of all children's domestic situations (particularly any that may be violent) before teaching this lesson; notes in the lesson plan are provided to help.
3	Celebrating Difference	3 & 4 – Witness and feelings & Witness and solutions	Children learn that the role of witnesses in bullying situations, and that sometimes a witness can hinder rather than help.	Homophobic bullying is covered in these lessons, as well as what children can do if they see bullying taking place. The Jigsaw 'Solve It Together' technique is especially helpful for children to have a strategy to help themselves and others.
3	Healthy Me	4 – Being safe & 5 Safe or unsafe	Children identify things, people and places that they need to keep safe from, and can share some strategies for keeping themselves safe, including who to go to for help.	Using the 'We are keeping safe from...' cards, children can come up with strategies for Jigsaw Jino to keep safe in different situations, including online. Children can also complete the 'Keeping Safe' templates to form their contributing chapter for the school's Healthy, Happy Me Recipe Book (assessment task). They can learn how to take responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe, and why this is important (and that adults do not always have to be present).
3	Relationships	3 – Keeping myself safe online	Children discuss things that they might need to keep safe from when online.	Children rank the top tips for keeping safe online and discuss their ranking decisions, while learning about the importance of trust.
4	Celebrating Difference	3 – Understanding bullying	Reinforcing the messages from previous year groups, this lesson focuses on more surreptitious bullying and how to better understand bullying behaviour.	For older children, it is timely to look at the intricacies of bullying and how sometimes it can be difficult to spot. Teachers are encouraged to know what the school's anti-bullying policy states and to ensure that this lesson adheres to the guidance.
4	Healthy Me	5 – Healthy Friendships	This Piece looks at how children can learn to recognise when people are putting them under pressure and how to resist this when they want.	Through the context of healthy friendships, children can explore their possible feelings of anxiety and fear and how this might be associated with peer pressure; it could also be applied to the pressure they might feel from other people.
4	Healthy Me	6 – Celebrating My Inner Strength and Assertiveness	Helping children learn that they can have a clear picture of what they believe is right and wrong, and to know how to be assertive when they need to be.	Children can learn to draw on their own sense of right and wrong to help make decisions that suit them. Using some simple assertiveness techniques can help children feel more empowered in their lives and can help to keep them from harm.
5	Celebrating Difference	2 – Racism	Children learn about what racism is and how their own attitudes can affect how they treat others.	The concepts of racism and discrimination are introduced to children and they are invited to share their thoughts. Particular emphasis is given to the words that people use, often without understanding them, and how they can be racist.

5	Celebrating Difference	3 & 4 – Rumours and name-calling & Types of bullying	Children learn about how rumours are spread and how name-calling can both be bullying behaviours. They also learn the difference between direct and indirect bullying.	Both lessons help children to learn ways that they can be empowered to help themselves, and to report anything that feels wrong to them.
5	Relationships	2-6 – Online safety lessons x5	Lessons on staying safe when using technology. Children learn to recognise and resist pressure to use technology in ways that may be risky or cause harm to others.	Rights and responsibilities are being online, staying safe, and relationships with technology all refer implicitly to safeguarding within these lessons.
6	Celebrating Difference	3 – Power struggles	Children explore power in different contexts – how sometimes it is needed, and how sometimes it is unwarranted and can feel unsafe.	This lesson focuses on power scenarios, how to identify them and how to deal with them practically in real life.
6	Celebrating Difference	4 – Why bully?	Children learn about some of the reasons why people bully, using various example scenarios.	Children are encouraged to practise and use a variety of strategies in managing their feelings in bullying scenarios – and how they can help solve problems if they are part of a bullying situation.
6	Relationships	4 – Power and Control	Returning to more assertiveness training, where children learn to recognise when people are trying to gain control or power, and how they can stand up for themselves (and their friends) in situations when others try to gain control or power.	Power and Control headlines and scenario cards are used to facilitate discussion among the children so they can decide on whether someone is being ‘controlling’ – and then to practise some helpful assertiveness techniques, which demonstrate how to deal with some of these situations.
6	Relationships	5 – Being Online: real or fake? Safe or unsafe?	Linked to previous lessons, children learn how to judge whether something online is safe and helpful	Online scenario cards are used to give examples of what might happen if someone tried to use technology to gain power over another.
6	Relationships	6 – Using technology responsibly	Children learn to use technology positively and safely to communicate with friends and family, whilst taking responsibility for their own safety and well-being.	This lesson focuses on the SMARTT rules and how to stay safe and happy online – and what to do if you don’t feel safe.