## PROGRESSION: 2.CELEBRATING DIFFERENCE (PSHE SMSC)





	YEAR 3 PLANNING YEAR 4 PLANNING		YEAR 5 PLANNING	YEAR 6 PLANNING
THE CH-LOREX 8-LL	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
	<ul> <li>learn about families, that they are all different (some will have LGB parents or other LGB family members)</li> <li>that sometimes they fall out with each other</li> <li>practise methods to calm themselves down and discuss the 'Solve it together' technique</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>first impressions and what influences their thinking on what is normal'</li> <li>share their own uniqueness and what is special about themselves</li> <li>use methods to calm themselves down and discuss the different ways this can be achieved</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>explore culture and cultural differences</li> <li>racism, debating what it is and how to be aware of their own feelings towards people from different cultures</li> <li>consider happiness regardless of material wealth and respecting other people's cultures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>children discuss differences and similarities and that, for some people, being different is difficult (inc.and some will have LGBT parents or other LGBT family members)</li> <li>respect other people's cultures, beliefs, ideas</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers</li> <li>use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify when a first impression they had was right or wrong</li> <li>identify their own uniqueness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify their own culture and different cultures within their class community</li> <li>identify their own attitudes about people from different faith and cultural backgrounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be able to vocalise their thoughts and feelings about prejudice and discrimination and why it happens</li> <li>identify feelings associated with being excluded</li> </ul>
	revisit the topic of <u>bullying</u> and discuss being a witness (bystander); they discover how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place	discuss the pressures of being a witness and why some people choose to join in or choose to not tell anyone about what they have seen	revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name calling (inc racist, sexual, homophobic or transphobic words)	learn about bullying and how people can have power over others in a group (inc racist, sexual, homophobic or transphobic words)
	empathise with people who are bullied     employ skills to support someone who     is bullied	<ul> <li>identify feelings that a bystander might feel in a bullying situation</li> <li>identify reasons why a bystander might join in with bullying</li> <li>revisit the 'Solve it together' technique to practise conflict and bullying scenarios</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify a range of strategies for managing their own feelings in bullying situations</li> <li>be able to support children who are being bullied</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>identify different feelings of the bully, bullied and bystanders in a bullying scenario</li> <li>be able to recognise when someone is exerting power negatively in a relationship</li> </ul>
	talk about using problem solving techniques in bullying situations	explore more about bullying, including online bullying and what to do if they suspect or know that it is taking place	learn that there are direct and indirect ways of bullying as well as ways to encourage children to not use bullying	discover strategies for dealing with the above as well as wider bullying issues
	be able to 'problem solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary	identify influences that have made them think or feel positively/ negatively about a situation	identify some strategies to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices	use a range of strategies when involved in a bullying situation or in situations where difference is a

				source of conflict
	<ul> <li>discuss name calling and practise choosing not to use hurtful words</li> <li>learn about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>consider the concept of judging people by their appearance</li> <li>talk about first impressions and when their own first impressions of someone have changed.</li> </ul>	revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name calling.	children learn about people with disabilities and look at specific examples of disabled people who have amazing lives and achievements.
	<ul> <li>be able to recognise, accept and give compliments recognise feelings</li> <li>associated with receiving a compliment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be non-judgemental about others who are different</li> <li>be comfortable with the way they look</li> <li>try to accept people for who they are</li> </ul>	develop respect for cultures different from their own	<ul> <li>appreciate people for who they are and show empathy</li> <li>empathise with people who are different and be aware of my own feelings towards them</li> </ul>

TAUGHT KNOWLEDGE	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6	
	<ul> <li>Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships</li> <li>Know why families are important</li> <li>Know that everybody's family is different inc age appropriate ref to LGBTQ (ie dad and dad)</li> <li>Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know there are influences that can affect how we judge a person or situation</li> <li>Know that first impressions can change</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable</li> <li>Know what culture means</li> <li>Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict</li> <li>Know how their life is different from the lives of children in the developing world</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that there are different perceptions of 'being normal' and where these might come (inc LGBTQ)</li> <li>Know that difference can be a source of celebration as well as conflict</li> </ul>	
	Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do	<ul> <li>Know that some forms of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying</li> <li>Know what to do if they think bullying is or might be taking place</li> <li>Know the reasons why witnesses sometimes join in with bullying and don't tell anyone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know external forms of support in regard to bullying e.g. Childline</li> <li>Know that bullying can be direct and indirect</li> <li>Know that rumour spreading is a form of bullying online and offline</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Know that people can hold power over others individually or in a group</li> <li>Know that power can play a part in a bullying or conflict situation</li> <li>Know why some people choose to bully others</li> </ul>	
	Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences (inc racist, sexual, homophobic or transphobic words)	Know that sometimes people make assumptions about a person because of the way they look or act (inc race, sex, gender)	Know how to support someone who is feeling excluded because of how they look / behave	<ul> <li>Know that being different could affect someone's life (inc race, sex, gender, trangender)</li> <li>Know that people with disabilities can lead amazing lives</li> </ul>	
British Values related to: Tolerance Mutual respect Individual liberty Rule of Law					
9 Protected Characteristics related to: Marriage and Civil Partnerships Disability, Race Age Religion/belief Race					